

Integrated Project Delivery for Large Projects: A Quick Guide

Shared Risk Creates Aligned Incentives

All project stakeholders—owner, architect, contractor + subcontractors, and engineer—working together at the outset towards a common goal fosters transparency and collaboration.

IPD Delivers Improvements

Collaborating early and leveraging digital BIM tools, improves efficiencies, reduces delays and costs, improves problem solving, facilitates high-quality outcomes and improved risk management.

Team Structure and Clear Communication Protocols Drive Success

At the outset, establish defined roles for each project team member and implement robust communication systems to ensure seamless collaboration and coordination.

Contract Complexity Requires Careful Planning

IPD contracts must clearly define compensation models, risk-sharing mechanisms, and dispute resolution processes—making upfront legal investment critical to long-term success.

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BY GREG GILBERT

s large-scale projects become more complex and intricate, key players are looking for a way to enhance project efficiency while improving collaboration and reducing waste. Enter Integrated Project Delivery (IPD)—a modern approach designed to streamline the management of construction projects.

IPD is an increasingly popular project delivery method that integrates all project stakeholders, including the owner, architect, contractor, engineers, and subcontractors, from the outset of the project to foster a more cooperative environment. To ensure transparent and honest communication, the owner, prime contractor, and principal architect typically sign a single contract that includes shared risks, rewards, and responsibilities. This creates trust-based collaboration, where parties are focused on one common goal, rather than the individual goals of each party.

Principles of Integrated Project Delivery

1. Mutual Respect and Collaboration:

All participants must respect the value of collaboration and share ideas freely. When key decisions are made together, parties benefit from a shared risk and reward. If the project comes in under budget or ahead of schedule, the team shares in the savings; if costs exceed expectations, the risk is shared among the participants.

2. Early Goal Definition between Key

Participants: Defining goals and decision making is improved by the early involvement of project stakeholders. The owner, designers, and contractors work collaboratively towards a common goal from the inception of the project.

3. Detailed Planning and Organization:

Comprehensives planning allows for each party to mitigate risks and increase efficiency. Potential risks can be identified early on and effectively planned for, while each party's specific talents can be fully utilized.

technology plays a significant role in IPD, particularly through Building Information Modeling (BIM). BIM allows all parties to collaborate on a digital model of the project, which can be used to identify potential design issues, coordinate scheduling, and plan construction sequences. The use of shared technological platforms enables seamless communication and documentation throughout the project's duration.

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The Benefits of Integrated Project Delivery

- 1. Improved Efficiency and Cost Savings: IPD focuses on optimizing the entire project delivery process, leading to a reduction in waste of time, resources, and costs.

 By collaborating early and continuously throughout the project, teams can streamline processes and avoid inefficiencies caused by unforeseen circumstances or misunderstandings. Moreover, shared risk and reward motivates all parties to focus on minimizing delays and cost overruns.
- 2. Expedited Project Delivery: With all team members working together from the outset, IPD can reduce the time required for decision-making and problem-solving. The elimination of traditional silos speeds up processes and allows for quicker response times when challenges arise. Projects are also more likely to stay on schedule, as the team is aligned and motivated to meet deadlines.
- **3. Higher Quality Outcomes**: With early input from all stakeholders, IPD projects often

result in higher-quality outcomes. The design and construction teams can collaborate on finding the best solutions for quality, performance, and sustainability from the inception of the project. Additionally, because all parties are invested in the success of the project, there is a shared commitment to maintaining high standards.

4. Improved Risk Management Strategies:

Risk management in IPD is managed through shared responsibility. By jointly assessing risks and establishing mitigation strategies, the team can reduce the likelihood of significant issues arising later in the project. This collective approach to risk helps prevent unforeseen delays and costs.

Integrated Project Delivery Team Building and Execution

The most important aspect of IPD is the formation of the project team. In IPD, the team is formed as quickly as possible to ensure integration from the outset. Once the team is formed, individuals are categorized as primary participants and supporting participants. The primary participants will have substantial involvement throughout the project and are bound by a contractual relationship with one another. The primary participants include the owner, principal architect, and prime contractor. The supporting participants, such as design consultants and subcontractors, play a vital, yet more subtle role.

Supporting participants are usually only involved in the project for a unique function or a limited amount of time. Although supporting participants individually contract with one of the primary participants of the project, they agree to be bound by the collaborative relationship between the primary parties.

Primary participants must determine the project goals, establish potential risks, and identify

the roles and responsibilities of each party. By making these determinations at the inception of the project, primary participants can define their vision for the project while establishing transparent expectations for all participants.

Once the project team has been established and the responsibilities of each party have been determined through the IPD contract, the project may begin. Consistent communication and collaboration are key. Parties will utilize BIM to manage the project and facilitate decision making on a single platform. This streamlined use of technology allows for all participants to remain informed and connected throughout the duration of the project.

As the project progresses, primary participants should hold regular meetings to discuss the project's status and potential issues. Because IPD requires extensive planning at the beginning of the project, the remainder of the project should be relatively straightforward.

Challenges of Integrated Project Delivery

While IPD offers significant benefits, it also presents challenges that must be addressed:

1. Complexity in Contractual Agreements: The IPD model requires a highly detailed contract that outlines the roles, responsibilities, and risk-sharing mechanisms for all parties. Specific provisions to consider are the compensation models for each party, risk shifting provisions, and dispute resolution clauses.

- 2. Cultural Shift: IPD requires a shift in mindset for many participants, especially for those accustomed to traditional project delivery methods. The collaborative approach of IPD may not come naturally to all teams, and cultural resistance can create friction during the project.
- 3. Initial Costs and Time Commitment: While IPD can result in cost savings and efficiency over the long term, the upfront investment in planning, technology, and team coordination can be significant. Large projects may require extensive time and resources to get the collaborative process up and running.

Conclusion

Integrated Project Delivery represents a progressive approach to managing large construction projects. By fostering collaboration, transparency, and shared risk, IPD can lead to more efficient, cost-effective, and high-quality outcomes. While the approach has its challenges, especially in large projects with numerous stakeholders, the benefits make it an attractive option for owners and contractors alike. As the construction industry continues to evolve, IPD may become the standard model for delivering large-scale projects.



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